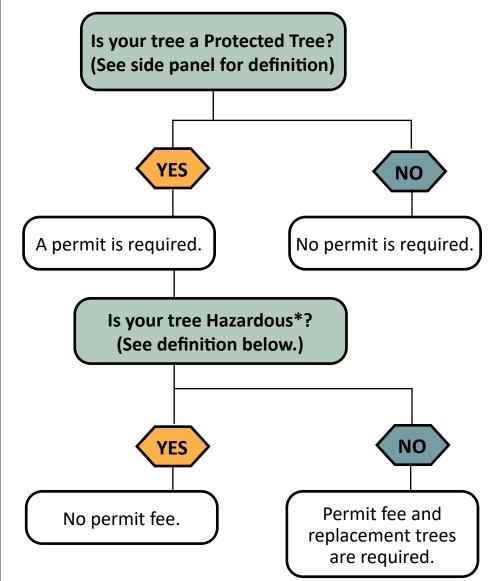
Protected Trees

- any of the following trees with a *DBH of 20 cm (8 in) or more;
 - Arbutus
 - Pacific Dogwood
 - Pacific Yew
 - Garry Oak
 - Douglas Fir
 - Western Red Cedar
 - Bigleaf Maple
 - Grand Fir
 - -Western Hemlock
 - Yellow Cedar
 - Balsam Fir
- any tree having a *DBH of 10 cm (4 in) or more on slope greater than 20%;
- any tree with a *DBH of 30 cm (12 in) or more, regardless of species;
- any tree with evidence of nesting or use that is protected under federal or provincial regulations including the B.C. Wildlife Act, Migratory Birds Convention Act, and Species at Risk Act;
- any of the following tree seedlings with a height of more than 50cm (1.5 feet) and less than 5m (16.5 feet):
 - Garry Oak
 - Pacific Dogwood
 - Arbutus
- any tree located in <u>Development Permit Areas 1</u> <u>or 2 (DPA1/DPA2);</u>
- any replacement, specimen, heritage or wildlife Tree.

*DBH is diameter of the stem of a Tree measured at breast height, or 1.3 metres above the natural grade on the uphill side of the Tree.

TREE REMOVAL FLOW CHART

Answer the questions in the green boxes (below) to determine whether you require a permit to cut down a tree and, if a permit <u>is</u> needed, whether a permit fee and replacement trees will also be required.



*A hazardous tree is a tree that is in imminent danger of falling, as determined by the Director of Infrastructure Services or designate, or where a report prepared by a Certified Arborist has certified that the Tree is dead, diseased, damaged or otherwise constitutes a physical hazard to persons or property.

